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→ Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984), First Official Language Spoken (6), Age (8B) and Sex (3) for...

Data tables, 2016 Census

Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984), First Official Language Spoken (6), Age (8B) and Sex (3) for the Population in Private Households of Canada, Provinces and Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2016 Census - 25% Sample Data

Data table

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Geography → <u>Geographic index</u>	Age (8B)	
Yukon	 Total - Age	lacksquare
Sex (3)		
Total - Sex		

Total - Sex	\overline{V}					
	Yukon					
			First of	ficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number
Population in private households - 25% sample data	35,110	33,340	1,550	120	100	1,610
Total - Age groups, average age and median age for the population in private households - 25% sample data	35,115	33,340	1,550	125	100	1,610
0 to 14 years	6,235	5,990	180	60	0	205
0 to 4 years	2,125	2,015	75	25	10	90
5 to 9 years	2,125	2,080	40	10	0	4
10 to 14 years	1,980	1,895	60	20	0	7:
15 to 64 years	24,845	23,515	1,195	60	65	1,230
15 to 19 years	1,890	1,805	70	10	0	7:
20 to 24 years	1,920	1,835	85	0	10	8
25 to 29 years	2,505	2,355	150	0	0	15
30 to 34 years	2,845	2,705	130	0	10	14
35 to 39 years	2,530	2,380	140	10	10	14
40 to 44 years	2,495	2,335	145	15	10	15
45 to 49 years	2,405	2,305	90	0	10	9
50 to 54 years	2,815	2,665	130	10	15	13
55 to 59 years	2,940	2,755	155	0	30	15
60 to 64 years	2,485	2,380	100	0	0	9:
65 years and over	4,035	3,830	175	10	25	17
65 to 69 years	1,830	1,745	80	0	0	8:
70 to 74 years	1,050	985	50	0	15	5
75 to 79 years	550	520	15	0	10	2
80 to 84 years	380	365	15	0	0	1
85 years and over	230	215	10	0	0	1
85 to 89 years	155	145	0	0	0	1
90 to 94 years	65	55	0	0	0	
95 to 99 years	15	15	0	0	0	
100 years and over	0	0	0	0	0	
Average age	38.9	38.8	40.8	24.2	55.3	(not applicable
Median age	39.2	39.1	41.1	15.7	55.7	(not applicable

			First o	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
Total - Marital status for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	28,880	27,350	1,370	60	95	1,400
Married or living common law	16,245	15,330	820	40	55	840
Married	11,155	10,630	430	40	55	450
Living common law	5,090	4,695	390	0	0	390
Not married and not living common law	12,640	12,020	550	25	40	565
Never married	8,855	8,410	420	25	0	425
Separated	815	790	15	0	10	15
Divorced	2,020	1,915	90	0	15	90
Widowed	945	900	30	0	20	30
Total - Income statistics in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	28,880	27,350	1,370	60	95	1,405
Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	27,920	26,445	1,325	60	90	(not applicable)
Average total income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	53,809	54,023	52,464	33,260	24,064	(not applicable)
Median total income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	46,048	46,241	44,332	19,962	19,677	(not applicable)
Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	27,925	26,445	1,330	60	90	(not applicable)
Average after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	45,994	46,155	45,098	29,469	22,637	(not applicable)
Median after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	41,376	41,591	40,534	19,962	19,677	(not applicable)
Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	26,255	24,860	1,250	55	85	(not applicable)
Average market income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	52,102	52,321	50,881	33,716	19,304	(not applicable)
Median market income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	44,135	44,465	40,811	22,839	16,452	(not applicable)
Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	17,700	16,730	855	35	80	(not applicable)
Average government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$)	7,595	7,646	6,994	0	5,193	(not applicable)
Median government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$)	4,725	4,804	3,787	0	4,663	(not applicable)
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	23,945	22,670	1,155	55	70	(not applicable)
Average employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	50,089	50,276	48,960	31,540	22,332	(not applicable)
Median employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	43,610	43,894	39,848	13,741	17,415	(not applicable)
Composition of total income in 2015 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25% sample data 4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(not applicable)
Market income (%) 5	91.0	91.0	91.5	92.9	80.2	(not applicable)
Employment income (%) ⁶	79.8	79.8	81.0	86.9	81.9	(not applicable)
Government transfers (%)	8.9	9.0	8.6	0.0	20.4	(not applicable)
Total - Total income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 8	28,875	27,345	1,370	60	100	1,405
Without total income	960	905	45	0	10	50
With total income	27,920	26,445	1,325	65	85	1,360
Percentage with total income	96.7	96.7	96.7	100.0	85.0	96.8
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	2,840	2,690	115	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	125
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,380	3,155	180	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	185
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,310	3,090	190	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	190
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,865	2,725	135	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	140
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,540	2,405	120	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	125
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2,455	2,315	135	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	135
\$60,000 to \$69,999	2,365	2,270	80	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	85

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)			
\$70,000 to \$79,999	2,175	2,080	90	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	90			
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,615	1,550	65	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	65			
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,250	1,205	40	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	45			
\$100,000 and over	3,130	2,965	165	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	165			
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,425	2,295	130	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	130			
\$150,000 and over	700	670	35	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	35			
Total - After-tax income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	28,880	27,350	1,375	60	95	1,400			
Without after-tax income	955	900	50	0	0	50			
With after-tax income	27,920	26,450	1,325	65	85	1,360			
Percentage with after-tax income	96.7	96.7	96.4	100.0	89.5	97.1			
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	2,900	2,750	125	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	130			
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,495	3,260	185	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	190			
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,750	3,510	200	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	205			
\$30,000 to \$39,999	3,390	3,240	140	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	145			
\$40,000 to \$49,999	3,110	2,925	180	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	180			
\$50,000 to \$59,999	3,090	2,925	150	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	155			
\$60,000 to \$69,999	2,700	2,615	85	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	85			
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,965	1,890	65	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	65			
\$80,000 and over	3,520	3,325	195	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	195			
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,255	1,190	60	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	60			
\$90,000 to \$99,999	860	830	35	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	35			
\$100,000 and over	1,395	1,305	95	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	95			
Total - Employment income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 10	28,875	27,350	1,370	65	95	1,405			
Without employment income	4,935	4,680	220	10	25	225			
With employment income	23,945	22,665	1,155	50	70	1,175			
Percentage with employment income	82.9	82.9	84.3	76.9	73.7	83.6			
Under \$5,000 (including loss)	2,695	2,585	90	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	95			
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1,655	1,570	80	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	85			
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,610	2,430	145	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	150			
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2,160	1,990	150	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	145			
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,130	2,010	120	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	120			
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,040	1,905	125	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	130			
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,855	1,785	75	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	75			

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1		
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,985	1,915	70	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	70		
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,775	1,715	60	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	60		
\$80,000 and over	5,025	4,770	245	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	250		
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,385	1,330	60	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	55		
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,135	1,070	65	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	60		
\$100,000 and over	2,500	2,370	130	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	130		
Total - Employment income statistics for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 11	28,880	27,350	1,375	65	95	1,405		
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households who worked full year full time in 2015 - 25% sample data 12	10,660	10,190	460	10	0	(not applicable		
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) 13	67,699	67,838	63,441	0	0	(not applicable		
Average employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) 14	70,536	70,679	68,909	0	0	(not applicable)		
Total - Knowledge of official languages for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 15	35,110	33,340	1,545	125	100	1,610		
English only	30,095	30,095	0	0	0	(
French only	75	0	75	0	0	80		
English and French	4,835	3,240	1,470	125	0	1,535		
Neither English nor French	105	10	0	0	100	(
Total - Language spoken most often at home for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 16	35,110	33,340	1,550	125	100	1,610		
English	31,885	31,140	745	0	0	750		
French	760	35	725	0	0	725		
Non-official language	1,565	1,390	0	70	100	40		
Aboriginal	75	75	0	0	0	(
Non-Aboriginal	1,495	1,315	10	70	100	40		
English and French	155	40	70	45	0	90		
English and non-official language	730	730	0	0	0	(
French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	C		
English, French and non-official language	15	0	0	10	0	C		
Total - Other language(s) spoken regularly at home for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 17	35,110	33,345	1,545	120	100	1,610		
None	30,975	30,065	760	55	95	790		
English	1,305	915	345	35	10	360		
French	950	565	390	0	0	390		
Non-official language	1,775	1,720	40	15	0	45		
Aboriginal	555	555	0	0	0	C		
Non-Aboriginal	1,225	1,170	40	15	0	50		
English and French	25	0	0	20	0	10		
English and non-official language	30	25	0	0	0	10		
French and non-official language	50	50	10	0	0	C		
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Total - Mother tongue for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 18	35,110	33,340	1,550	120	100	1,610		
English	28,695	28,685	0	0	0	10		
French	1,555	75	1,480	0	0	1,480		
Non-official language	4,235	4,025	40	75	100	75		
Aboriginal	640	635	0	0	0	C		
Non-Aboriginal	3,600	3,390	35	75	100	70		
English and French	170	115	20	30	0	35		
English and non-official language	415	415	0	0	0	0		

			First of	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
French and non-official language	10	0	10	0	0	0
English, French and non-official language	30	15	0	15	0	10
Total - Knowledge of languages for the population in private households - 25% sample data $\frac{19}{2}$	35,110	33,340	1,550	125	100	1,610
Official languages	35,005	33,340	1,550	120	0	1,610
English	34,930	33,335	1,475	120	0	1,535
French	4,915	3,240	1,545	120	0	1,610
Non-official languages	6,255	5,775	285	90	100	330
Aboriginal languages	1,170	1,165	0	0	0	C
Non-Aboriginal languages	5,105	4,630	285	90	100	325
Total - Aboriginal identity for the population in private households - 25% sample data $\underline{\ensuremath{\varpi}}$	35,110	33,340	1,550	125	100	1,610
Aboriginal identity 21	8,195	8,105	90	0	0	90
Single Aboriginal responses 22	7,930	7,840	85	0	0	90
First Nations (North American Indian) 23	6,685	6,665	20	0	0	20
Métis	1,015	955	55	0	0	60
Inuk (Inuit)	230	220	0	0	0	0
Multiple Aboriginal responses 24	160	160	0	0	0	C
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere 25	105	105	0	0	0	10
Non-Aboriginal identity	26,915	25,240	1,465	115	100	1,520
Total - Population by Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private households - 25% sample data 25	35,115	33,340	1,545	120	100	1,610
Registered or Treaty Indian 27	5,910	5,890	20	0	0	20
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	29,200	27,450	1,530	120	100	1,590
Total - Aboriginal ancestry for the population in private households - 25% sample data 28	35,110	33,340	1,550	120	100	1,610
Aboriginal ancestry (only) 29	3,735	3,720	20	0	0	20
Single Aboriginal ancestry (only) 30	3,655	3,630	15	0	0	15
First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry 31	3,405	3,400	0	0	0	C
Métis single ancestry	150	140	15	0	0	15
Inuit single ancestry	95	95	0	0	0	C
Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only) 32	85	85	0	0	0	C
First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestries	35	30	0	0	0	C
First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestries	50	50	0	0	0	C
Métis and Inuit ancestries	0	0	0	0	0	C
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries	0	0	0	0	0	C
Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 33	4,585	4,425	155	10	0	155
Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 34	4,325	4,180	140	0	0	145
First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Aboriginal ancestries	3,515	3,410	100	0	0	105
Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries	660	620	40	0	0	40
Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	145	145	0	0	0	C
Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 35	260	250	10	0	0	10
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries	160	155	0	0	0	10
First Nations (North American Indian), Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	90	85	10	0	0	C
Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	10	10	0	0	0	C
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	0	0	0	0	0	C
Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only) 36	26,790	25,190	1,380	120	100	1,435
Total - Citizenship for the population in private households - 25% sample data 32	35,115	33,340	1,545	125	100	1,610
Canadian citizens 38	32,960	31,325	1,510	90	35	1,555
Canadian citizens only	31,910	30,340	1,450	85	35	1,495
Citizens of Canada and at least one other country	1,045	985	60	0	0	65
Not Canadian citizens 39	2,150	2,020	40	30	65	55

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1		
Total - Immigrant status and period of immigration for the population in private households - 25% sample data 42	35,110	33,340	1,550	125	100	1,610		
Non-immigrants ⁴¹	30,260	28,785	1,415	60	10	1,445		
Immigrants 42	4,410	4,135	125	65	95	155		
Before 1981	1,325	1,285	35	0	10	35		
1981 to 1990	390	365	10	10	15	0		
1991 to 2000	530	510	10	10	0	15		
2001 to 2010	1,055	960	35	25	35	50		
2001 to 2005	330	315	10	10	10	10		
2006 to 2010	725	650	30	15	25	40		
2011 to 2016 43	1,110	1,015	45	25	30	55		
Non-permanent residents 44	440	425	10	10	10	10		
Total - Age at immigration for the immigrant population in private households - 25%	770	420	10	10	10	10		
sample data 45	4,410	4,135	125	65	90	155		
Under 5 years	460	435	25	0	0	20		
5 to 14 years	760	730	15	20	0	25		
15 to 24 years	915	880	10	10	15	15		
25 to 44 years	1,965	1,845	75	20	25	85		
45 years and over	310	240	0	10	55	10		
Total - Selected places of birth for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data $\frac{46}{3}$	4,410	4,135	125	65	95	155		
Americas	700	680	0	10	10	10		
Brazil	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Colombia	10	15	0	0	0	0		
El Salvador	10	10	0	0	0	0		
	0	10	0	0	0	0		
Guyana	0		0	0				
Haiti		0			0	0		
Jamaica	15	15	0	0	0	0		
Mexico	45	30	0	0	0	0		
Peru	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Trinidad and Tobago	0	10	0	0	0	0		
United States 47	560	555	0	0	0	0		
Other places of birth in Americas	45	40	0	0	10	0		
Europe	1,730	1,620	85	20	0	95		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Croatia	10	0	0	0	0	0		
France	75	10	70	0	0	65		
Germany	440	435	0	0	0	0		
Greece	10	0	0	0	0	0		
Hungary	40	35	0	0	10	0		
Ireland 48	35	35	0	0	0	0		
Italy	40	35	0	0	0	0		
Netherlands	135	135	0	0	0	0		
Poland	30	35	0	0	0	0		
Portugal	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Romania	10	15	0	0	0	0		
Russian Federation	30	25	0	0	0	0		
Serbia 49	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ukraine	0	0	0	0	0	0		
United Kingdom 50	515	515	0	0	0	0		
Other places of birth in Europe	355	325	15	10	0	20		
Africa	180	160	15	0	0	20		

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Algeria	10	0	10	0	0	0		
Egypt	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Ethiopia	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Kenya	15	10	0	0	0	0		
Morocco	15	10	10	0	0	0		
Nigeria	15	15	0	0	0	0		
Somalia	20	20	0	0	0	C		
South Africa, Republic of	50	50	0	0	0	C		
Other places of birth in Africa	45	45	10	0	0	10		
Asia	1,690	1,565	15	35	80	30		
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Bangladesh	15	15	0	0	0	C		
China 51	230	175	0	0	55	C		
Hong Kong 52	10	10	0	0	0	(
India	110	110	0	0	0	(
Iran 53	15	15	0	0	0	(
Iraq	0	0	0	0	0	(
Japan	20	20	0	0	0	(
Korea, South ⁵⁴	55	55	0	0	0	(
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	(
Pakistan	25	30	0	0	0	(
Philippines	1,015	975	0	20	10	10		
Sri Lanka	15	10	0	0	0	(
Syria 55	0	0	0	0	0	(
Taiwan	10	10	0	0	0	(
Viet Nam	60	40	10	0	10	11		
Other places of birth in Asia	120	100	10	15	0	15		
	110	105	0	0	0	.,		
Oceania and other places of birth 55 Total - Selected places of birth for the recent immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data 57	1,115	1,015	45	25	30	5:		
Americas	85	75	0	10	10	(
Brazil	10	10	0	0	0	(
Colombia	10	0	0	0	0			
Cuba	10	0	0	0	0			
Haiti	0	0	0	0	0			
Jamaica	0	0	0	0	0			
Mexico	20	15	0	10	10			
United States 58	35	35	0	0	0	(
Venezuela 52	0	0	0	0	0			
Other places of birth in Americas	10	0	0	0	0	(
	170		40	0	0	35		
Europe		130				40		
France	40	0	40	0	0			
Germany	60	60	0	0	0	(
Ireland 99	10	10	0	0	0	(
Moldova ⁶¹	10	0	0	0	0	(
Romania	0	0	0	0	0	(
Russian Federation	10	10	0	0	0	(
Ukraine	0	0	0	0	0	(
United Kingdom 62	10	10	0	0	0	(
Other places of birth in Europe	40	40	0	0	0	(
Africa	15	15	0	0	0	(

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Algeria	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cameroon	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Congo, Democratic Republic of the	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Côte d'Ivoire	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Egypt	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Eritrea	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Ethiopia	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Morocco	0	0	0	0	0	(
Nigeria	0	10	0	0	0	(
Somalia	0	0	0	0	0	(
South Africa, Republic of	0	0	0	0	0	(
Tunisia	0	0	0	0	0	(
Other places of birth in Africa	10	10	0	0	0	(
Asia	835	785	0	20	25	10		
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Bangladesh	0	0	0	0	0	C		
China 63	45	30	0	0	10	C		
Hong Kong 64	0	0	0	0	0	C		
India	40	40	0	0	0	C		
Iran 55	15	15	0	0	0	C		
Iraq	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Israel	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Japan	10	10	0	0	0	C		
Korea, South 65	25	30	0	0	0	C		
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Nepal	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Pakistan	20	15	0	0	0	C		
Philippines	635	600	0	20	10	15		
Saudi Arabia	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Sri Lanka	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Syria ⁶⁷	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Taiwan	0	10	0	0	0	C		
Turkey	0	0	0	0	0	C		
United Arab Emirates	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Viet Nam	0	0	0	0	0	(
Other places of birth in Asia	50	50	0	0	0	(
Oceania and other 69	10	10	0	0	0	C		
Australia	10	0	0	0	0	(
Other places of birth 89	0	0	0	0	0	C		
Total - Generation status for the population in private households - 25% sample data $\underline{\mathfrak{w}}$	35,115	33,340	1,550	120	100	1,610		
First generation 71	5,050	4,725	160	75	95	195		
Second generation ⁷²	5,565	5,415	135	10	0	140		
Third generation or more 73	24,490	23,200	1,250	35	0	1,270		
Total - Admission category and applicant type for the immigrant population in private households who landed between 1980 and 2016 - 25% sample data ⁷⁴	3,155	2,910	95	65	90	125		
Economic immigrants 75	2,040	1,890	75	50	30	95		
Principal applicants 76	1,020	945	35	15	25	40		
Secondary applicants 22	1,025	950	35	35	0	55		
Immigrants sponsored by family 78	980	895	20	15	55	30		
Refugees ¹²	125	120	0	0	10	0		

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1		
Other immigrants ⁸⁰	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Total - Visible minority for the population in private households - 25% sample data 81	35,110	33,340	1,550	120	100	1,610		
Total visible minority population 82	3,000	2,840	30	40	95	50		
South Asian 83	500	490	0	0	0	0		
Chinese	415	355	0	0	60	0		
Black	265	260	0	0	0	0		
Filipino	1,195	1,165	0	15	10	10		
Latin American	130	115	0	10	0	10		
Arab	10	0	0	0	0	0		
Southeast Asian 84	175	170	10	0	0	10		
West Asian 85	35	30	0	0	0	0		
Korean	70	75	0	0	0	0		
Japanese	70	65	0	0	0	0		
Visible minority, n.i.e. 86	15	15	0	0	0	0		
Multiple visible minorities 87	120	100	0	10	10	10		
Not a visible minority 88	32,110	30,500	1,515	80	10	1,560		
Total - Ethnic origin for the population in private households - 25% sample data	35,115	33,340	1,550	120	100	1,610		
North American Aboriginal origins	8,320	8,145	170	0	0	170		
First Nations (North American Indian)	7,255	7,135	115	10	0	115		
Inuit	395	390	0	0	0	10		
Métis	1,015	960	55	0	0	60		
Other North American origins	9,335	8,580	735	25	0	745		
Acadian	160	110	50	0	0	50		
American	680	665	10	0	0	15		
Canadian	8,640	7,975	640	20	0	655		
New Brunswicker	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Newfoundlander	65	60	0	0	0	0		
Nova Scotian	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ontarian	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Québécois	90	20	65	0	0	60		
Other North American origins, n.i.e. 90	10	0	0	0	0	0		
European origins	24,985	23,690	1,195	95	0	1,240		
British Isles origins	17,525	17,175	320	25	0	335		
Channel Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cornish	10	10	0	0	0	0		
English	9,680	9,575	100	0	0	100		
Irish	6,930	6,705	195	25	0	205		
Manx	10	10	0	0	0	203		
Scottish	8,295	8,160	130	0	0	130		
Welsh	905	885	150	0	0	150		
British Isles origins, n.i.e. 91	1,235	1,210	15	10	0	20		
<u> </u>	5,060	3,985	1,040	40	0	1,060		
French origins								
Alsatian	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Breton	15	0	15	0	0	0		
Corsican	0	0	0	0	0	1.040		
French	5,035	3,975	1,025	40	0	1,040		
Western European origins (except French origins)	7,690	7,490	160	45	0	175		
Austrian	365	365	0	0	0	C		
	0	10	0	0	0	0		
Bavarian Belgian	175	150	20	0	0	20		

	First official language spoken (6)						
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)	
Flemish	10	10	0	0	0	0	
Frisian	15	15	0	0	0	0	
German	5,575	5,475	80	25	0	90	
Luxembourger	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Swiss	435	395	25	15	0	35	
Western European origins, n.i.e. ⁹²	30	30	0	0	0	0	
Northern European origins (except British Isles origins)	3,335	3,295	40	0	0	40	
Danish	555	540	10	0	0	15	
Finnish	280	280	0	0	0	0	
Icelandic	215	210	0	0	0	10	
Norwegian	1,380	1,375	0	0	0	10	
Swedish	1,100	1,075	15	0	0	20	
Northern European origins, n.i.e. 93	205	200	0	10	0	0	
Eastern European origins	4,500	4,410	60	25	10	75	
Bulgarian	45	45	0	0	0	0	
Byelorussian	15	20	0	0	0	0	
Czech	180	180	0	0	0	0	
Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. 94	40	45	0	0	0	0	
Estonian	15	0	10	0	0	0	
Hungarian	485	460	10	10	0	15	
Latvian	50	45	0	0	0	0	
Lithuanian	40	40	0	0	0	0	
Moldovan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Polish	1,140	1,130	15	0	0	10	
Romanian	130	130	0	0	0	0	
Russian	825	790	20	15	0	25	
Slovak	110	105	10	0	0	0	
Ukrainian	2,200	2,150	30	20	0	45	
Eastern European origins, n.i.e. 25	30	30	0	0	0	0	
Southern European origins	1,490	1,330	150	10	0	155	
Albanian	10	10	0	0	0	0	
Bosnian	20	20	0	0	0	0	
Catalan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Croatian	60	60	0	0	0	0	
Cypriot	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Greek	90	90	0	0	0	0	
Italian	915	800	110	10	0	110	
Kosovar	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Macedonian	15	15	0	0	0	0	
Maltese	0	10	10	0	0	0	
Montenegrin	10	0	0	0	0	0	
Portuguese	70	60	10	0	0	10	
Serbian	15	10	0	0	0	0	
Sicilian	10	0	0	0	0	0	
Slovenian	45	45	0	0	0	0	
Spanish	270	230	30	10	0	35	
Yugoslavian, n.o.s. ⁹⁶	25	25	0	0	0	0	
Southern European origins, n.i.e. ⁹⁷	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other European origins	455	445	0	10	0	10	
Basque	20	15	0	0	0	10	
Jewish	155	150	0	0	0	0	

	First official language spoken (6)						
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)	
Roma (Gypsy)	10	10	0	0	0	0	
Slavic, n.o.s. 98	30	30	0	0	0	0	
Other European origins, n.i.e. 99	250	245	0	0	0	0	
Caribbean origins	165	155	0	0	0	0	
Antiguan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bahamian	10	10	0	0	0	0	
Barbadian	10	10	0	0	0	0	
Bermudan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Carib	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cuban	15	10	0	0	10	0	
Dominican	10	10	0	0	0	0	
Grenadian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Guadeloupean	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Haitian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Jamaican	90	85	10	0	0	10	
Kittitian/Nevisian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Martinican	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Montserratan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Puerto Rican	0	0	0	0	0	0	
St. Lucian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Trinidadian/Tobagonian	20	20	0	0	0	0	
Vincentian/Grenadinian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
West Indian, n.o.s. 100	15	15	0	0	0	0	
Caribbean origins, n.i.e. 101	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Latin, Central and South American origins	215	180	10	15	10	15	
Aboriginal from Central/South America (except Arawak and Maya)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Arawak	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Argentinian	30	30	0	0	0	0	
Belizean	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bolivian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Brazilian	25	20	0	0	0	0	
Chilean	25	20	0	10	0	10	
Colombian	25	25	0	0	0	0	
Costa Rican	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ecuadorian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Guatemalan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Guyanese	10	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hispanic							
Honduran	10	0	0	0	0	0	
Maya	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Mexican	90	65	10	0	0	20	
Nicaraguan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Panamanian	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Paraguayan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Peruvian	10	10	0	0	0	0	
Salvadorean	0	10	0	0	0	0	
Uruguayan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Venezuelan	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Latin, Central and South American origins, n.i.e. 102	0	10	0	0	0	0	
African origins	355	335	15	10	0	15	

			First of	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
Akan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Angolan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ashanti	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beninese	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burkinabe	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cameroonian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chadian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Congolese	0	0	0	0	0	0
Edo	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ewe	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gabonese	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ghanaian	15	10	0	0	0	0
Guinean	0	0	0	0	0	0
lbo	0		0	0	0	0
Ivorian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liberian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Malian	0		0	0	0	0
Malinké	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nigerian	10		0	0	0	0
Peulh	0		0	0	0	0
Senegalese	0		0	0	0	0
Sierra Leonean	0		0	0	0	0
Togolese	0		0	0	0	0
Wolof	0		0	0	0	0
Yoruba	0		0	0	0	0
Central and West African origins, n.i.e. 103	25	25	0	0	0	0
North African origins North African origins	35	25	10	0	0	10
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Algerian	0		0	0		
Berber		10	0	0	0	0
Coptic	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dinka					0	
Egyptian	10		0	0	0	0
Libyan	0		0	0	0	0
Maure	15		0	0	0	0
Moroccan	10		10	0	0	0
Sudanese	10		0	0	0	0
Tunisian	0		0	0	0	0
North African origins, n.i.e. 104	0		0	0	0	0
Southern and East African origins	125		0	0	0	0
Afrikaner	10		0	0	0	0
Amhara	0		0	0	0	0
Bantu, n.o.s. 105	0		0	0	0	0
Burundian	0		0	0	0	0
Djiboutian	0		0	0	0	0
Eritrean	0		0	0	0	0
Ethiopian	0		0	0	0	0
Harari	0		0	0	0	0
Kenyan	15		0	0	0	0
Malagasy	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mauritian	10	0	0	0	0	0

			First of	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
Oromo	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rwandan	0	10	0	0	0	0
Seychellois	15	15	0	0	0	0
Somali	15	15	0	0	0	0
South African	60	60	0	0	0	0
Tanzanian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tigrian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ugandan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zambian	10	0	0	0	0	0
Zimbabwean	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zulu	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern and East African origins, n.i.e. 106	10	10	0	0	0	0
Other African origins	140	125	0	0	0	0
Black, n.o.s. 107	10	0	0	0	0	0
Other African origins, n.i.e. 108	130	125	0	0	0	10
Asian origins	2,855	2,710	35	30	85	55
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins	195	180	10	10	0	15
Afghan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arab, n.o.s. 109	20	15	0	0	0	0
Armenian	25	25	0	0	0	0
Assyrian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Azerbaijani	0	0	0	0	0	0
Georgian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hazara	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iranian	20	15	0	0	0	0
Iraqi	10	10	0	0	0	0
Israeli	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jordanian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kazakh	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kurd	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kuwaiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kyrgyz	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lebanese	60	55	0	0	0	0
Palestinian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pashtun	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syrian	10	0	0	0	0	0
Tajik	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tatar	0	10	0	0	0	0
Turk	30	20	0	10	0	0
Turkmen	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uighur	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uzbek	20	15	0	0	0	0
Yemeni	0	0	0	0	0	0
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins, n.i.e. 110	10	10	0	0	0	0
South Asian origins	460	460	10	0	0	10
Bangladeshi	25	25	0	0	0	0
Bengali	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bhutanese	0	0	0	0	0	0
East Indian	320	310	0	0	0	10
Goan	0	0	0	0	0	0

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1			
Gujarati	40	40	0	0	0	0			
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Nepali	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Pakistani	60	55	0	0	0	0			
Punjabi	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Sinhalese	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Sri Lankan	20	25	0	0	0	0			
Tamil	10	10	0	0	0	0			
South Asian origins, n.i.e. 111	0	0	0	0	0	0			
East and Southeast Asian origins	2,180	2,060	10	30	80	25			
Burmese	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Cambodian (Khmer)	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Chinese	625	535	0	15	65	10			
Filipino	1,330	1,295	0	20	10	10			
Hmong	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Indonesian	20	10	0	10	0	10			
Japanese	95	95	0	0	0	0			
Karen	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Korean	80	80	0	0	0	0			
Laotian	0	10	0	0	0	0			
Malaysian	50	40	0	0	0	0			
Mongolian	10	15	0	0	0	0			
Singaporean	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Taiwanese	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Thai	25	25	0	0	0	0			
Tibetan	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Vietnamese	90	70	0	0	10	10			
East and Southeast Asian origins, n.i.e. 112	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Other Asian origins	20	15	10	0	0	10			
Other Asian origins, n.i.e. 113	25	15	10	0	0	10			
Oceania origins	170	170	0	0	0	0			
Australian	80	85	0	0	0	0			
New Zealander	65	65	0	0	0	0			
Pacific Islands origins	35	35	0	0	0	0			
Fijian	10	10	0	0	0	0			
Hawaiian	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Maori	20	15	0	0	0	0			
Samoan	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Polynesian, n.o.s. 114	0	10	0	0	0	0			
Pacific Islands origins, n.i.e. 115	10	10	0	0	0	0			
Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data $\frac{116}{2}$	28,880	27,350	1,370	65	95	1,405			
No certificate, diploma or degree	4,715	4,480	180	15	40	190			
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate 117	6,830	6,560	235	0	35	235			
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	17,335	16,310	960	45	25	980			
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	3,140	2,965	155	10	15	155			
Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 118	1,225	1,150	65	0	20	60			
Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 119	1,915	1,815	95	10	0	100			
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	6,115	5,835	255	25	0	265			
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	820	780	40	0	0	40			

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)			
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	7,250	6,725	515	10	0	520			
Bachelor's degree	4,790	4,500	285	0	10	285			
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	435	375	60	0	0	60			
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	195	170	20	0	0	20			
Master's degree	1,700	1,550	150	0	0	150			
Earned doctorate 120	135	125	10	0	0	10			
Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2016 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 121	28,880	27,350	1,370	60	95	1,405			
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree 122	11,545	11,035	415	20	70	420			
Education	1,545	1,420	105	10	0	115			
13. Education	1,545	1,420	110	15	10	115			
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies	525	495	30	0	0	30			
10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services	60	55	0	0	0	0			
50. Visual and performing arts	465	440	25	0	0	25			
Humanities	840	750	90	0	0	85			
16. Aboriginal and foreign languages, literatures and linguistics	90	65	20	0	0	20			
23. English language and literature/letters	215	205	10	0	0	10			
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities	230	200	30	0	0	30			
30A Interdisciplinary humanities 123	0	0	0	0	0	0			
38. Philosophy and religious studies	70	65	10	0	0	0			
39. Theology and religious vocations	90	95	0	0	0	0			
54. History	120	105	15	0	0	20			
55. French language and literature/letters	20	10	10	0	0	10			
Social and behavioural sciences and law	2,090	1,930	160	0	0	160			
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies	65	55	0	0	0	0			
09. Communication, journalism and related programs	170	140	35	0	0	30			
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences	400	385	15	0	0	20			
22. Legal professions and studies	290	270	15	0	0	20			
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 124	45	45	0	0	0	0			
42. Psychology	280	255	20	10	0	25			
45. Social sciences	845	780	65	0	0	60			
Business, management and public administration	3,310	3,195	115	10	10	115			
30.16 Accounting and computer science	0	0	0	0	0	0			
44. Public administration and social service professions	525	515	10	0	0	10			
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services	2,790	2,680	105	0	0	105			
Physical and life sciences and technologies	695	625	70	0	0	70			
26. Biological and biomedical sciences	380	355	25	0	0	25			
30.01 Biological and physical sciences	95	90	0	0	0	10			
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences 125	10	0	0	0	0	0			
40. Physical sciences	185	150	30	0	0	30			
41. Science technologies/technicians	30	20	10	0	0	10			
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	405	385	0	0	0	10			
11. Computer and information sciences and support services	285	270	0	10	0	15			
25. Library science	45	40	0	0	0	0			
27. Mathematics and statistics	65	65	0	0	10	0			
30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences 126	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	3,575	3,375	195	0	0	200			
04. Architecture and related services	95	80	15	0	0	10			
14. Engineering	470	440	30	0	0	30			
15. Engineering technologies and engineering-related fields	520	490	30	0	0	30			
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation	15	10	0	0	0	0			

			First o	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
46. Construction trades	1,210	1,135	70	0	0	75
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians	995	970	25	0	0	25
48. Precision production	280	255	25	0	0	25
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	815	780	40	0	0	40
01. Agriculture, agriculture operations and related sciences	125	110	15	0	0	15
03. Natural resources and conservation	690	670	25	0	0	20
Health and related fields	2,205	2,080	100	15	10	105
31. Parks, recreation, leisure and fitness studies	215	205	10	0	0	10
51. Health professions and related programs	1,950	1,830	90	15	0	95
60. Dental, medical and veterinary residency programs	40	40	0	0	0	0
Personal, protective and transportation services	1,325	1,270	55	0	10	55
12. Personal and culinary services	640	605	35	0	10	30
28. Military science, leadership and operational art	10	0	0	0	0	0
29. Military technologies and applied sciences	10	10	0	0	0	0
43. Security and protective services	225	215	10	0	0	0
49. Transportation and materials moving	455	445	15	0	0	15
Other	10	0	0	0	0	0
30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies, other	0	10	0	0	0	0
Total - Location of study compared with province or territory of residence with countries outside Canada for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25%						
sample data 127	28,880	27,350	1,375	65	95	1,400
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	11,545	11,035	415	20	70	420
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree 128	17,335	16,305	960	40	20	980
Location of study inside Canada	14,520	13,645	865	0	0	865
Same as province or territory of residence	3,915	3,825	90	0	0	90
Different than province or territory of residence	10,600	9,820	775	10	0	775
Location of study outside Canada 129	2,815	2,660	95	35	20	115
United States 130	630	625	10	0	0	10
Philippines	570	565	0	0	10	0
India	100	100	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom ¹³¹	260	265	0	0	0	0
China 132	35	30	0	0	10	0
France	65	10	50	0	0	55
Other	1,150	1,065	30	40	10	50
Total - Population aged 15 years and over by Labour force status - 25% sample data 133	28,880	27,350	1,370	65	95	(not applicable)
In the labour force	21,795	20,600	1,095	50	55	(not applicable)
Employed	19,790	18,690	995	50	45	(not applicable)
Unemployed	2,005	1,905	90	0	0	(not applicable)
Not in the labour force	7,085	6,745	280	15	45	(not applicable)
Participation rate	75.5	75.3	79.9	76.9	57.9	(not applicable)
Employment rate	68.5	68.3	72.6	76.9	47.4	(not applicable)
Unemployment rate	9.2	9.2	8.2	0.0	0.0	(not applicable)
Total population aged 15 years and over by work activity during the reference year - 25% sample data 134	28,880	27,350	1,370	65	95	1,405
Did not work 135	5,980	5,695	235	15	35	245
Worked	22,900	21,650	1,135	50	60	1,160
Worked full year, full time 136	10,865	10,385	465	10	10	465
Worked part year and/or part time 137	12,030	11,265	670	45	55	695
Average weeks worked in reference year	41.1	41.1	39.9	43.2	33.9	(not applicable)
Total - Occupation - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since 2015 - 25% sample data $\frac{138}{120}$	23,495	22,235	1,150	55	60	1,170

			First o	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
a.Management	2,590	2,460	135	10	0	135
00 Senior management occupations	410	385	30	0	0	25
01-05 Specialized middle management occupations	1,020	970	50	0	0	50
06 Middle management occupations in retail and wholesale trade and customer services	745	715	25	10	0	25
07-09 Middle management occupations in trades, transportation, production and utilities	415	390	30	0	0	30
b.Professional	4,485	4,170	305	10	0	310
11 Professional occupations in business and finance	525	495	25	0	0	25
21 Professional occupations in natural and applied sciences	645	600	45	0	0	45
30 Professional occupations in nursing	345	325	15	0	0	15
31 Professional occupations in health (except nursing)	315	275	25	10	0	30
40 Professional occupations in education services	995	895	95	0	0	95
41 Professional occupations in law and social, community and government services	1,305	1,245	65	0	0	65
51 Professional occupations in art and culture	360	325	30	0	0	30
c.Technical and paraprofessional	2,800	2,645	150	0	0	150
22 Technical occupations related to natural and applied sciences	870	825	45	0	0	50
32 Technical occupations in health	320	305	15	0	0	15
42 Paraprofessional occupations in legal, social, community and education services	830	795	35	0	0	30
43 Occupations in front-line public protection services	250	220	30	0	0	30
52 Technical occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	525	500	25	0	0	25
d.Administration and administrative support	3,225	3,120	100	0	0	100
12 Administrative and financial supervisors and administrative occupations	1,490	1,435	50	0	0	50
13 Finance, insurance and related business administrative occupations	315	310	10	0	0	10
14 Office support occupations	1,100	1,055	45	0	0	45
15 Distribution, tracking and scheduling co-ordination occupations	320	315	0	0	0	C
e.Sales	1,460	1,410	40	10	0	50
62 Retail sales supervisors and specialized sales occupations	155	150	0	0	0	10
64 Sales representatives and salespersons - Wholesale and retail trade	675	650	15	0	0	20
66 Sales support occupations	635	605	20	0	0	20
f.Personal and customer information services	3,900	3,640	175	20	60	190
34 Assisting occupations in support of health services	320	315	0	0	0	10
44 Care providers and educational, legal and public protection support occupations	580	535	40	10	10	40
63 Service supervisors and specialized service occupations	630	595	15	0	15	20
65 Service representatives and other customer and personal services occupations	1,045	960	65	0	15	70
67 Service support and other service occupations, n.e.c.	1,315	1,240	50	10	25	55
g.Industrial, construction and equipment operation trades	2,100	1,980	120	0	0	120
72 Industrial, electrical and construction trades	1,495	1,400	90	0	0	95
73 Maintenance and equipment operation trades	610	580	30	0	0	30
h.Workers and labourers in transport and construction	1,910	1,815	90	0	0	90
74 Other installers, repairers and servicers and material handlers	225	200	20	0	0	20
75 Transport and heavy equipment operation and related maintenance occupations	1,200	1,150	45	0	10	45
76 Trades helpers, construction labourers and related occupations	490	465	25	0	0	20
i.Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	625	615	15	0	0	10
82 Supervisors and technical occupations in natural resources, agriculture and related production	165	160	0	0	0	C
84 Workers in natural resources, agriculture and related production	200	195	0	0	0	(
86 Harvesting, landscaping and natural resources labourers	265	255	15	0	0	10
j.Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	395	380	15	0	0	15

			First of	fficial language sp	oken (6)		
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1	
92 Processing, manufacturing and utilities supervisors and central control operators	125	115	10	0	0	0	
94 Processing and manufacturing machine operators and related production workers	90	95	0	0	0	0	
95 Assemblers in manufacturing	70	60	10	0	0	0	
96 Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	110	115	0	0	0	0	
Total - Industry - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2012 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since 2015 - 25% sample data 139	23,495	22,235	1,145	50	60	1,170	
11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	300	275	30	0	0	30	
111 - 112 Farms 140	175	150	25	0	0	25	
113 Forestry and logging	45	40	10	0	0	0	
114 Fishing, hunting and trapping	35	35	0	0	0	0	
115 Support activities for agriculture and forestry	45	40	10	0	0	0	
21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	585	555	35	0	0	30	
211 Oil and gas extraction	10	10	0	0	0	0	
212 Mining and quarrying (except oil and gas)	275	270	0	0	0	0	
213 Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	300	275	30	0	0	30	
22 Utilities	165	155	15	0	0	15	
221 Utilities	165	155	10	0	0	15	
23 Construction				0	0	115	
	2,280	2,165	115				
236 Construction of buildings	810	760	45	0	0	45	
237 Heavy and civil engineering construction	370	365	10	0	0	10	
238 Specialty trade contractors	1,105	1,035	65	0	0	65	
31-33 Manufacturing	375	365	10	0	0	10	
311 Food manufacturing	45	45	0	0	0	0	
312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	15	15	0	0	0	0	
313 Textile mills	0	0	0	0	0	0	
314 Textile product mills	0	0	0	0	0	С	
315 Clothing manufacturing	15	15	0	0	0	С	
316 Leather and allied product manufacturing	10	0	0	0	0	С	
321 Wood product manufacturing	45	40	0	0	0	10	
322 Paper manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	0	
323 Printing and related support activities	45	50	0	0	0	0	
324 Petroleum and coal product manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	0	
325 Chemical manufacturing	0	10	0	0	0	C	
326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	30	35	0	0	0	0	
327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	20	25	0	0	0	0	
331 Primary metal manufacturing	10	0	0	0	0	С	
332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing	35	35	10	0	0	С	
333 Machinery manufacturing	0	10	0	0	0	C	
334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing	15	20	0	0	0	0	
335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	C	
336 Transportation equipment manufacturing	20	20	0	0	0	0	
337 Furniture and related product manufacturing	30	30	10	0	0	0	
339 Miscellaneous manufacturing	15	15	0	0	0	0	
41 Wholesale trade	340	325	20	0	0	15	
411 Farm product merchant wholesalers	0	0	0	0	0	0	
412 Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers	30	30	0	0	0	0	
413 Food, beverage and tobacco merchant wholesalers	50	50	0	0	0	0	
414 Personal and household goods merchant wholesalers	15	10	0	0	0	0	
415 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and accessories merchant wholesalers	20	20	0	0	0	0	

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
416 Building material and supplies merchant wholesalers	50	45	0	0	0	C		
417 Machinery, equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers	115	105	10	0	0	10		
418 Miscellaneous merchant wholesalers	55	45	10	0	0	10		
419 Business-to-business electronic markets, and agents and brokers	10	0	0	0	0	C		
44-45 Retail trade	2,180	2,125	50	15	0	55		
441 Motor vehicle and parts dealers	275	270	10	0	0	C		
442 Furniture and home furnishings stores	60	60	0	0	0	(
443 Electronics and appliance stores	60	50	15	0	0	15		
444 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	185	180	10	0	0	10		
445 Food and beverage stores	590	580	0	10	0	10		
446 Health and personal care stores	130	120	10	0	0	10		
447 Gasoline stations	175	170	10	0	0	10		
448 Clothing and clothing accessories stores	90	95	0	0	0	(
451 Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	95	95	0	0	0	(
452 General merchandise stores	250	245	0	0	0	(
453 Miscellaneous store retailers	215	215	10	0	0	10		
454 Non-store retailers	50	45	0	0	0	(
48-49 Transportation and warehousing	1,130	1,075	50	0	0	45		
481 Air transportation	355	340	15	0	0	1		
482 Rail transportation	10	10	0	0	0			
483 Water transportation	0	0	0	0	0			
484 Truck transportation	260	245	10	0	0	11		
485 Transit and ground passenger transportation	150	135	10	0	0	1:		
486 Pipeline transportation	0	0	0	0	0			
487 Scenic and sightseeing transportation	15	10	0	0	0	11		
488 Support activities for transportation	200	190	10	0	0	1		
491 Postal service	85	85	0	0	0			
492 Couriers and messengers	35	35	0	0	10			
493 Warehousing and storage	20	20	0	0	0			
51 Information and cultural industries	570		20					
		550		0	0	1		
511 Publishing industries (except Internet)	45	45	0	0	0			
512 Motion picture and sound recording industries	40	40	10	0	0			
515 Broadcasting (except Internet)	55	55	0	0	0			
517 Telecommunications	310	310	0	0	0			
518 Data processing, hosting, and related services	0	0	0	0	0			
519 Other information services	120	105	10	0	0	1:		
52 Finance and insurance	330	320	10	0	0	1:		
521 Monetary authorities - central bank	0	0	0	0	0	ı		
522 Credit intermediation and related activities	175	170	10	0	0			
523 Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investment and related activities	45	45	0	0	0	(
524 Insurance carriers and related activities	110	100	10	0	0	10		
526 Funds and other financial vehicles	0	0	0	0	0			
53 Real estate and rental and leasing	220	215	0	0	0			
531 Real estate	160	155	0	0	0	10		
532 Rental and leasing services	60	60	0	0	0			
533 Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	0	0	0	0	0			
54 Professional, scientific and technical services	1,445	1,335	110	0	0	11		
541 Professional, scientific and technical services	1,445	1,335	115	0	0	11		
	20	1,333	0	0	0	(
55 Management of companies and enterprises	20	20	0	0	0			

			First o	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	670	630	25	10	10	30
561 Administrative and support services	600	570	20	0	0	25
562 Waste management and remediation services	70	65	10	0	0	0
61 Educational services	1,790	1,630	160	0	0	165
611 Educational services	1,790	1,630	160	0	0	160
62 Health care and social assistance	2,245	2,130	95	15	0	105
621 Ambulatory health care services	610	575	25	0	0	30
622 Hospitals	545	500	35	10	0	40
623 Nursing and residential care facilities	320	305	10	10	0	15
624 Social assistance	775	745	20	0	0	20
71 Arts, entertainment and recreation	670	610	60	0	0	60
711 Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries	180	160	15	0	0	15
712 Heritage institutions	265	245	20	0	0	15
713 Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	225	205	25	0	0	25
72 Accommodation and food services	1,690	1,570	70	10	45	70
721 Accommodation services	615	585	15	10	0	15
722 Food services and drinking places	1,080	985	55	0	40	55
81 Other services (except public administration)	885	805	80	0	0	80
811 Repair and maintenance	300	270	30	0	0	30
812 Personal and laundry services	150	140	0	0	0	0
813 Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations	385	350	40	0	0	35
814 Private households	50	45	10	0	0	10
91 Public administration	5,605	5,390	205	10	10	205
911 Federal government public administration	680	630	45	0	0	45
912 Provincial and territorial public administration	3,665	3,520	135	10	0	135
913 Local, municipal and regional public administration	545	535	10	0	0	10
914 Aboriginal public administration	715	700	15	0	0	15
919 International and other extra-territorial public administration	10	10	0	0	0	0
Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 141	19,790	18,695	995	50	50	1,025
Worked at home	1,425	1,300	110	10	0	115
Worked outside Canada	25	25	0	0	0	0
No fixed workplace address	2,330	2,175	135	0	10	140
Worked at usual place	16,010	15,190	745	35	40	760
Total - Language used most often at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015 - 25% sample data 142	23,495	22,235	1,145	55	65	1,170
English	22,975	22,035	860	50	35	880
French	260	25	235	0	0	230
Non-official language	95	65	0	0	30	0
Aboriginal	25	25	0	0	0	0
Non-Aboriginal	65	40	0	0	30	0
English and French	70	20	55	0	0	55
English and non-official language	85	80	0	10	0	10
French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0
English, French and non-official language	10	10	0	0	0	0
Total - Other language(s) used regularly at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015 - 25% Sample Data 143	23,495	22,235	1,145	50	60	1,170
None	21,950	21,255	625	35	40	645
English	215	40	175	0	0	170
French	825	475	345	10	0	350
Non-official language	480	455	0	0	25	0

First official language spoken (6)						
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
Aboriginal	175	175	0	0	0	0
Non-Aboriginal	305	285	0	0	20	0
English and French	0	0	0	0	0	0
English and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0
French and non-official language	25	15	0	0	0	0
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in						
private households with a usual place of work - 25% sample data	16,010	15,190	745	35	40	765
Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence	13,505	12,815	620	30	40	635
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division (CD) of residence	2,270	2,155	105	10	0	110
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division (CD) within province or territory of residence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commute to a different province or territory	240	220	15	0	0	15
Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data $\frac{144}{2}$	18,340	17,365	885	40	50	905
Car, truck, van - as a driver	13,995	13,290	650	30	25	660
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	1,095	1,050	30	10	10	30
Public transit	725	680	40	0	0	40
Walked	1,735	1,640	80	0	15	85
Bicycle	470	400	75	0	0	75
Other method	320	305	15	0	0	15
Total - Commuting duration for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data 145	18,340	17,370	885	40	50	905
Less than 15 minutes	9,735	9,215	470	20	25	485
15 to 29 minutes	6,195	5,880	280	10	30	285
30 to 44 minutes	1,395	1,300	95	0	0	95
45 to 59 minutes	465	440	25	0	0	20
60 minutes and over	555	530	20	10	0	15
Total - Time leaving for work for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data 146	18,340	17,365	885	40	50	905
Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	520	495	20	0	0	20
Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.	1,930	1,855	60	15	0	65
Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.	6,185	5,780	400	10	0	400
Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.	5,785	5,515	250	0	10	255
Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m.	1,905	1,810	70	10	15	75
Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m.	2,020	1,905	85	10	20	85
Total - Mobility status 1 year ago - 25% sample data 147	34,705	32,950	1,540	115	95	1,600
Non-movers	28,875	27,495	1,210	90	80	1,255
Movers	5,825	5,455	330	25	15	340
Non-migrants	3,635	3,445	170	15	10	175
Migrants	2,195	2,010	160	15	10	165
Internal migrants	1,945	1,790	150	0	0	150
Intraprovincial migrants	550	515	35	0	0	35
Interprovincial migrants	1,395	1,280	120	0	0	120
External migrants	250	225	0	10	10	10
Total - Mobility status 5 years ago - 25% sample data 148	32,985	31,325	1,470	90	95	1,520
Non-movers	18,040	17,255	700	50	30	730
Movers	14,945	14,070	765	40	60	795
Non-migrants	8,240	7,795	375	25	45	390
Migrants	6,700	6,275	390	15	20	400

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken		French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)			
Internal migrants	5,515	5,165	345	0	0	345			
Intraprovincial migrants	1,230	1,190	40	0	0	45			
Interprovincial migrants	4,280	3,975	300	0	0	300			
External migrants	1,190	1,105	45	20	20	55			

Symbol(s)

- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- **F** too unreliable to be published

Footnote(s)

- The official language minority population of Quebec includes all individuals with English as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French. The official language minority population of the country overall and of every province and territory other than Quebec includes individuals with French as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French.
- 2 For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Marital status.

- 3 Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities):
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs):
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period.

It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits:
- Working income tax benefit;
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that

group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

4 Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

6 Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- Government transfers All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:
 - Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
 - retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
 - benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
 - child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
 - social assistance benefits;
 - workers' compensation benefits;
 - Working income tax benefit;
 - Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
 - other income from government sources.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- 8 Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs):
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- 12 Full-year full-time workers Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2015. For more information, see variable work activity in 2015, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2016.
- Median income The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median.

Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

4 Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both languages or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as 'spoken most often at home' if the languages are spoken equally often. For a person who lives alone, the language spoken most often at home is the language in which he or she feels most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home. Where two languages are spoken to the child, the language spoken most often at home is the language spoken most often. If both languages are used equally often, then both languages are included here.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Other language(s) spoken regularly at home refers to the languages, if any, that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection, other than the language or languages he or she speaks most often at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned, the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned two languages at the same time in early childhood, the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has two mother tongues only if the two languages were used equally often and are still understood by the person. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. The child has two mother tongues only if both languages are spoken equally often so that the child learns both languages at the same time.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

19 'Knowledge of official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

'Knowledge of non-official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys, depending on the objectives of the survey.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

This is a total population count. The sum of the languages in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one language in the census.

Aboriginal identity refers to whether the person identified with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada. This includes those who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 21 'Aboriginal identity' includes persons who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.
- 22 'Single Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are in only one Aboriginal group, that is First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 24 'Multiple Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- 'Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere' includes persons who are not First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who have Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 27 'Registered or Treaty Indian Status' includes persons who are a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.
- Aboriginal ancestry refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada, that is, First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, and Inuit. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors, an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 29 'Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 30 'Single Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 31 Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
- 32 'Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 33 'Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 34 'Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 35 'Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 36 'Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Aboriginal ancestry only.
- 37 Citizenship refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless, that is, they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

For more information on citizenship variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 38 'Canadian citizens' includes persons who are citizens of Canada only and persons who are citizens of Canada and at least one other country.
- 39 'Not Canadian citizens' includes persons who are not citizens of Canada. They may be citizens of one or more other countries. Persons who are stateless are included in this category.

40 Immigrant status refers to whether the person is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

Period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 41 'Non-immigrants' includes persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- 'Immigrants' includes persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- 43 Includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- 44 'Non-permanent residents' includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members sharing the same permit and living in Canada with them.
- 45 'Age at immigration' refers to the age at which an immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

46 'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth.

In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to the name of the province, territory or country in which the person was born. It refers to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 47 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- 48 Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.
- 49 Serbia excludes Kosovo.
- 50 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 51 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- 52 The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.
- 53 The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.
- 54 The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.
- 55 The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.
- 56 The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

57 'Recent immigrant' refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by recent immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 58 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- 59 The official name of Venezuela is Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.
- 60 Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.
- 61 The official name of Moldova is Republic of Moldova.
- 62 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 63 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- 64 The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.
- 65 The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.
- 66 The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.
- 67 The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.
- 68 The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'
- 69 The category 'Other places of birth' includes other places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'
- 70 Generation status refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada.

For more information on generation status variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 71 'First generation' includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or once were, immigrants to Canada
- 72 'Second generation' includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
- 73 'Third generation or more' includes persons who were born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.

74 'Admission category' refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

'Applicant type' refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on the application for permanent residence.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, data on admission category and applicant type are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 75 'Economic immigrants' includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.
- 76 'Principal applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.
- 'Secondary applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the married spouse, the common-law or conjugal partner or the dependant of the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.
- 'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.
- 'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.
- Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.
- Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

For more information on the Visible minority variable, including information on its classification, the questions from which it is derived, data quality and its comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Visible Minority and Population Group Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 82 The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour '
- 83 For example, 'East Indian,' 'Pakistani,' 'Sri Lankan', etc.
- 84 For example, 'Vietnamese,' 'Cambodian,' 'Laotian,' 'Thai,' etc.
- 85 For example, 'Afghan,' 'Iranian,' etc.
- 86 The abbreviation 'n.i.e.' means 'not included elsewhere.' Includes persons with a write-in response such as 'Guyanese,' 'West Indian,' 'Tibetan,' 'Polynesian,' 'Pacific Islander,' etc.
- 87 Includes persons who gave more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in responses, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian.'
- 88 Includes persons who reported 'Yes' to the Aboriginal group question (Question 18), as well as persons who were not considered to be members of a visible minority group.
- 89 This is a total population estimate. The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic origin in the census.

'Ethnic origin' refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors. An ancestor is usually more distant than a grandparent. For additional information on the collection and dissemination of ethnic origin data, refer to the Ethnic Origin Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 90 Includes general responses indicating North American origins (e.g., 'North American') as well as more specific responses indicating North American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maritimer').
- 91 Includes general responses indicating British Isles origins (e.g., 'British,' 'United Kingdom') as well as more specific responses indicating British Isles origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Celtic').
- 92 Includes general responses indicating Western European origins (e.g., 'Western European') as well as more specific responses indicating Western European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Liechtensteiner').
- 93 Includes general responses indicating Northern European origins (e.g., 'Northern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Northern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Faroese,' 'Scandinavian').
- 94 Includes responses of 'Czechoslovakian,' not otherwise specified.
- 95 Includes general responses indicating Eastern European origins (e.g., 'Eastern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Eastern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baltic').
- 96 Includes responses of 'Yugoslavian,' not otherwise specified.
- 97 Includes general responses indicating Southern European origins (e.g., 'Southern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Gibraltarian').
- 98 Includes responses of 'Slavic,' not otherwise specified.
- 99 Includes general responses indicating Other European origins (e.g., 'European') as well as more specific responses indicating European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Central European').
- 100 Includes responses of 'West Indian,' not otherwise specified.
- 101 Includes general responses indicating Caribbean origins (e.g., 'Antilles,' 'Caribbean') as well as more specific responses indicating Caribbean origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Aruban').
- 102 Includes general responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins (e.g., 'South American') as well as more specific responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Surinamese').
- 103 Includes general responses indicating Central or West African origins (e.g., 'West African') as well as more specific responses indicating Central or West African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Luba,' 'Mossi').
- 104 Includes general responses indicating North African origins (e.g., 'North African') as well as more specific responses indicating North African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maghreb').
- 105 Includes responses of 'Bantu,' not otherwise specified.
- 106 Includes general responses indicating Southern or East African origins (e.g., 'East African') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern or East African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Hutu,' 'Shona').
- 107 Includes responses of 'Black,' not otherwise specified.
- 108 Includes general responses indicating Other African origins (e.g., 'African') as well as more specific responses indicating Other African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Saharan').
- 109 Includes responses of 'Arab,' not otherwise specified.
- 110 Includes general responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins (e.g., "West Asian," 'Middle Eastern') as well as more specific responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baloch,' 'Circassian').
- 111 Includes general responses indicating South Asian origins (e.g., 'South Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating South Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Telugu').
- 112 Includes general responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins (e.g., 'Southeast Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Bruneian').
- Includes general responses indicating Other Asian origins (e.g., 'Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating Other Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Eurasian').
- 114 Includes responses of 'Polynesian,' not otherwise specified.

- 115 Includes general responses indicating Pacific Islands origins (e.g., 'Pacific Islander') as well as more specific responses indicating Pacific Islands origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Tahitian').
- 116 Highest certificate, diploma or degree is the classification used in the census to measure the broader concept of 'Educational attainment.'

This variable refers to the highest level of education that a person has successfully completed and is derived from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported.

The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education. At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a 'master's degree' necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above bachelor level.'

Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

Users are advised to consult data quality comments for 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree', available in the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

- 117 'Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
- 'Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions.
- 119 'Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' also includes Journeyperson's designations.
- 120 'Earned doctorate' refers to persons who have completed a doctorate degree awarded by a university. This includes, for example, Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) and Doctor of Juridical Science (S.J.D.). It does not include honorary doctorates.
- 121 'Field of study' refers to the discipline or area of learning/training associated with a particular course or programme of study.

This variable refers to the predominant discipline or area of learning or training of a person's highest completed postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.

This 'Major field of study' variable can be used either independently or in conjunction with the 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree' variable. When the latter is used with 'Major field of study,' it should be noted that different fields of study will be more common for different types of postsecondary qualifications. At the detailed program level, some programs are only offered by certain types of institutions.

There was an explicit instruction in the questionnaire which instructed respondents to be as specific as possible in indicating a subfield or subcategory of specialization within a broad discipline or area of training.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2016 - Alternative primary groupings' CIP variant, with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies,' these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification, see the Classification of Instructional Programs, Canada 2016: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/concepts/classification.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

Certain series and their subcomponents are not used when coding major field of study for the census. These are series 21, 32 to 37 and 53, which represent non-credit and personal improvement fields of study.

- 122 'No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes persons who have not completed an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma; a college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma; or a university certificate, diploma or degree.
- 123 'Interdisciplinary humanities' includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies,' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies,' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies' and '30.29 Maritime studies.'
- 'Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences' includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution,' '30.10 Biopsychology,' '30.11 Gerontology,' '30.14 Museology/museum studies,' '30.15 Science, technology and society,' '30.17 Behavioural sciences,' '30.20 International/global studies,' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies,' '30.25 Cognitive science,' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis,' '30.28 Dispute resolution,' '30.31 Human computer interaction' and '30.33 Sustainability studies.'
- 'Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences' includes '30.18 Natural sciences,' '30.19 Nutrition sciences,' '30.27 Human biology' and '30.32 Marine sciences.'

- 126 'Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences' includes '30.06 Systems science and theory,' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science' and '30.30 Computational science.'
- 127 'Location of study' refers to either:
 - the province, territory or country of the institution from which a person obtained a certificate, diploma or degree, or;
 - the province, territory or country of the institution that a person attended during a specified reference period, or for a specific level of education.

In both cases, location of study refers to the location of the institution granting the certificate, diploma or degree, not the location of the person at the time he or she obtained the qualification or was attending the institution. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of study.

This is a summary variable that indicates whether the 'Location of study' of the person's highest certificate, diploma or degree was the same province or territory where the person lived at the time of the 2016 Census of Population, a different Canadian province or territory, or outside Canada. This variable is derived from 'Location of study' and 'Province or territory of current residence.' It only applies to individuals who had completed a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.

'Location of study outside Canada' may be further sub-classified using the Standard Classification of Countries and Areas of Interest (SCCAI). When using the SCCAI for this sub-classification, the class 'Canada' is not used.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for 'Location of study compared with province or territory of residence,' refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

- 128 'Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma,' 'college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates, diplomas and degrees.
- Refers to all locations of study outside Canada, including the six locations outside Canada most often reported at the national level. These will not necessarily be the top six countries for other geographies.
- 130 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- 131 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 132 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016.

Early enumeration was conducted in remote, isolated parts of the provinces and territories. When enumeration has taken place before May 2016, the reference date used is the date on which the household was enumerated.

In the past, this variable was called Labour force activity.

- Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2015 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).
- 135 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked, persons who worked prior to 2015 and persons who worked in 2016, but not in 2015.
- 136 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year (49 weeks and over) and mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) in 2015.
- 137 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year mostly part time or part year mostly full time or part year mostly part time in 2015. Part year is less than 49 weeks and part time is less than 30 hours per week.
- Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016.
- 139 Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked.
- 140 The code and title of this category are not found in the North American Classification System (NAICS) 2012; this category is needed due to the combination of NAICS sub-sectors performed during the coding process.
- 141 Classification of respondents according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

142 Language used most often at work refers to the language the person uses most often at work. A person can report more than one language as 'used most often at work' if the languages are used equally often.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

143 Other language(s) used regularly at work refers to the languages, if any, that the person uses in their job on a regular basis, other than the language or languages he or she uses most often at work.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case. Sometimes, respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result, the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.
- 145 Refers to the length of time, in minutes, usually required by a person to travel between his or her place of residence and his or her place of work.
- 146 Refers to the time of day at which a person usually leaves home to go to their place of work.
- Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

Data quality note(s) - Yukon

- Incomplete enumeration flag Default. Not applicable.
- Long-form data quality flag
 Global non-response rate (GNR), long-form census questionnaire: 6.8%.
- Long-form income data quality flag
 Data quality index showing a long-form income non-response rate higher than or equal to 10%, but lower than 20%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016352.

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